



IMT- 120

BUSINESS RESEARCH METHAODS

Notes:

- Write answers in your own words as far as possible and refrain from copying from the text books/handouts.
- Answers of Ist Set (Part-A), IInd Set (Part-B), IIIrd Set (Part – C) and Set-IVth (Case Study) must be sent together.
- Submit the assignments in IMT CDL H.O.along with the assignments Question Papers for evaluation .
- Only hand written assignments shall be accepted.

A. First Set of Assignments

5 Questions, each question carries 1.5 marks.

B. Second Set of Assignments

5 Questions, each question carries 1.5 marks.

C. Third Set of Assignments

5 Questions, each question carries 1.5 marks. Confine your answers to 150 to 200 Words.

D. Forth Set of Assignments

Two Case Studies : 7.5 Marks. Each case study carries 3.75 marks.

SECTION - A

- Distinguish between Basic Research and applied research.
- What is experimental design? Explain its meaning and significance.
- What is the necessity of defining a research problem? Explain.
- What is meant by a hypothesis? What are the different type of hypothesis? Explain.
- What do you understand by sampling and sampling distribution?

SECTION - B

- What is sample size? Explain the method of deciding the sample size.
- A company running a chain of restaurants in Noida wants to start a new one in Sector18. Prior to that it wants to conduct a survey of the employees of various institutions in that area to know about their eating habits, food preferences, etc. Suggest a suitable sampling scheme for the same.
- What is a questionnaire? Describe in your own words.
- Discuss the statement 'Hypothesis testing is a waste of time in commercial business research'.
- Discuss the statement ' Correlation and regression analysis are a good means of knowing the associations between variables'.

SECTION - C

- Write a short notes on
 - Cluster analysis.
 - Factor analysis
 - T-test
 - Explain the working of one way ANOVA.
 - What are the advantage and disadvantage of open-end and close ended questions?

CASE STUDY - 1

Mustafa

Mustafa, a popular departmental store in Singapore with Indians (local as well as tourists and transit passengers), stocks over 100,000 items, spread over 2 buildings with 4 floors each. The store has been a popular stopover for the Indian transiting through Singapore for buying items like appliances, electronics, jewelry and gifts as the goods sold in the store cater to Indian requirements and also because the store takes care of the shipping of the goods to India.

Mustafa receives over 60% of its business from overseas visitors.

In September 1997, with the emergence of the internet as an imminent force and inspired by the success of DELL and Amazon.com, Mustafa decided to move on to a transactional site where international visitors can browse through store catalogs and place orders in advance.

In mid-1998, Mustafa started accepting online orders and payments using the secure socket layer, showcasing 500 items that were popular in the tourist and transit visitors category.

Questions:

1. What do you think are some of the customer loyalty issues that Mustafa managers face as they grow online sales? If yes, kindly state hypothesis.
2. How can Mustafa best pursue a multichannel online payment system? Is the current management making the right judgment about developing online capabilities slowly over a long period of time? Explain the process of Business research and also explain the statistical tools required for solving the above business problem.

CASE STUDY - 2

Hotel Country INN is a well-known hotel situated in the heart of a metropolitan city. With 12 floors and 120 rooms providing an excellent boarding and lodging facilities, it offers deluxe Suites, Superior Single and Double rooms along with services like coffee shop, restaurants, Saloon, Health Club, Shopping arcades and convention halls. It is one of the most sought after hotels in the city as reflected by the fact that 28,000 guests housed in the financial year 2006-2007.

The front office of the hotel occupies a very important position in ensuring a loyal clientele for the hotel. The front office job is to interact with every outsider who steps in the hotel. The front desk takes care of all the needs of the guests. The most important jobs of the front office include making all the reservations, check-in and check-out. In short, the front office or the front desk is the interface between the hotel and the outside world. Behind the scene are a large number of people, who perform a wide variety of functions to keep the front office functions smooth.

From the very moment a traveler plans to make a stay in the hotel, the front office comes into the picture and interacts with the traveler on a daily basis till he leaves the hotel. The guests can be individual or the corporate guests. In case of corporate guests, the bill is sent to the organization sponsoring the stay of the guest.

Questions

1. Identify Business problem in this case.
2. Enumerate three objectives of the study from this case.
3. What are the steps the hotel to do to understand feedback of customer?

